



2009 REVISED Major Swimming & Diving Rules Changes - 6.1.2009

- 2-7-9 It is no longer required, but is recommended the meet score be posted and/or announced throughout the meet.
- Rationale:** There are many meets where it is impractical to announce the score due to lack of a PA system and/or the presence of an announcer. Recommending rather than requiring the announcing and posting accommodates what is already occurring, yet still supports this communication when practical.
- 3-3-1 Requires the wearing of a one piece competitive suit.
- Rationale:** The competition suits are manufactured as one piece. The two piece suit option, as originally allowed in the rules, is outdated. This does not prohibit the wearing of multiple one piece suits.
- 4-1-5 Allows swimming and diving officials to dress uniformly in attire, other than all white, as approved by the state association.
- Rationale:** Many states have adopted officials uniforms that do not consist of all white. This change clarifies state associations determine the colors of officials uniforms.
- 4-3-1b New NOTE Prohibits the use of a pistol capable of discharging live ammunition for use as the sounding device.
- Rationale:** It is not appropriate to use a pistol capable of discharging live ammunition as the sounding device at an educational event. In most cases, state law prohibits firearms on school grounds and at school events.
- 8-1-2 Permits the competitor to place his/her feet on the end wall, out of the water at the backstroke start, as long as the feet, including the toes, are not above or curling over the lip of the gutter or pool edge.
- Rationale:** For risk minimization and to enhance the competitor's consistent execution of his/her start, the feet may now be placed in the same position on the end wall for the start, rather than changing

position based on water level from pool to pool. At no time shall a swimmer be permitted to have the feet, including the toes, above or curling over the lip of the gutter or pool edge.

8-1-7

Clarifies how a swimmer legally finishes a race when a touch pad has been dislodged and moved out of its proper position on the end wall.

Rationale: This language addresses the contact required to finish the race when the touch pad is not in the proper position on the end wall.

8-3-5 New NOTE 2 Defines a legal start for the second, third and fourth swimmers of a relay team when an in-water start is used.

Rationale: The rules previously did not define a legal start for the second, third and fourth swimmers of a relay team when an in-water start was used.

8-3 New 8

Establishes the requirements under which the first leg of a relay may be recorded as an official time for that stroke/distance.

Rationale: Sets forth the requirements for the first swimmer in a relay to have his/her time to be recorded as an official time for the comparable individual event, including a relay team disqualification, which previously had not been specifically addressed in the rules.

Major Editorial Changes

3-2-7, 4-1-3 NOTE, Appendix C A-2a

Points of Emphasis

1. Posting and Announcing of Meet Scores
2. Legal Competitive Suits
3. Pistol Used as Sounding Device
4. Lead-off Swimmers Establishing an Official Time
5. Compliance with Entry Rules when Using Electronic Meet Management